

Formaldehyde Free Unfaced Fibreglass Insulation vs. Sound-SHIELD® Formaldehyde Free Fibreglass Insulation

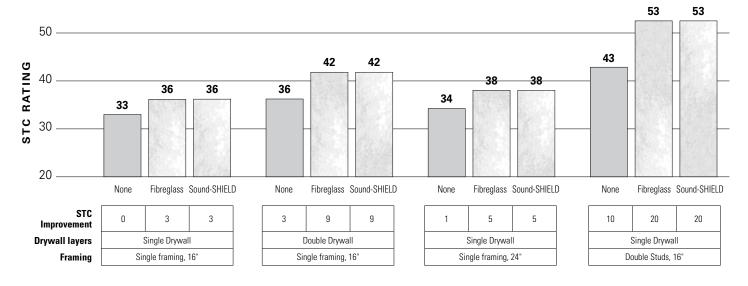
The primary difference between Formaldehyde Free Unfaced Fibreglass Insulation and Sound-SHIELD Formaldehyde Free Fibreglass Insulation is thermal ratings. Unfaced Fibreglass Batts undergo thermal testing and must meet the specified R-value on their label. While it carries a thermal value it is also a great product for sound control. Sound-SHIELD does not carry an R-value but still provides effective sound control in interior walls.

For both sound transmission and sound absorption, sound-SHIELD and Unfaced Fibreglass are identical.

They both provide excellent solutions for acoustical performance.

Check out the below chart to discover how combinations of drywall layers, framing and type of insulation compare for STC (Sound Transmission Class) ratings.

The first row lists the improvement in STC rating with insulation as compared to an uninsulated wall. The other rows detail the type of insulation (none, fibreglass or Sound-SHIELD), the type of drywall layers and the type of framing.



Sound Transmission and Noise Reduction

Acoustical insulation has several important ratings, including Sound Transmission Class (STC) and Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC). STC is a rating of airborne transmission loss performance through an assembly, while NRC measures absorption of an exposed material or assembly.



Sound Transmission Class (STC):

- Walls, roofs, floors and ceilings prevent sound from traveling between adjacent spaces
- The design of these components is extremely important for sound isolation
- Transmission loss, the ratio of transmitted sound to incident sound, is measured for many constructions and products
- Sound transmission class (STC) is the common single-number rating used



Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC):

- Intent is to reduce reflections and sound buildup to increase speech and listening intelligibility
- Applicable to schools, offices, lobbies, auditoriums, arenas, etc.



What is the role of insulation in acoustical design?

Insulation is an absorber, but it also helps reduce transmission. Quality absorbers have increased thickness and density, plus smaller fiber diameter/cell size. High performing absorbers need to be porous.

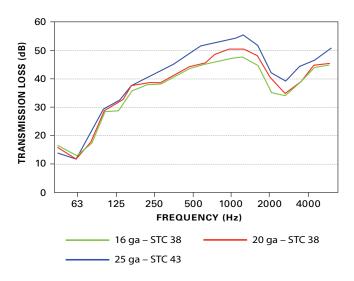
Common misconceptions

1. Do I need to fill the cavity with insulation? Do I get more performance if I overstuff the cavity?

- Generally, the best performance will be achieved with a full cavity, but not overstuffed – it's not worth it.
- Polyiso and closed-cell foam do not perform as well acoustically.

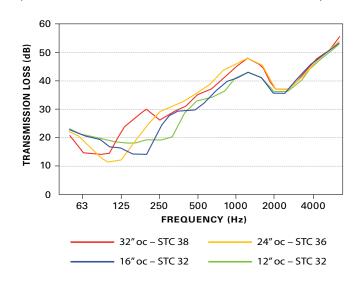
2. Are all studs the same?

No they are not. This graph shows that while 16 and 20 gauge studs perform fairly equally, with a layer on each side of the wall, a 24 gauge stud outperforms by 5 points.



3. Is transmission loss performance affected by stud spacing?

In short, yes! Wider stud spacing and fewer studs perform better, as shown in this data chart by the National Research Council of Canada. In a system using gypsum boards on 2x4s, the STC rating varies depending spacing. Construction with spacing of 32" on center has the best rating (STC 38) while 12" on center construction drops the rating to 32. Many test studies are performed on 24" on center, which will not yield the same results for a 16" on center assembly.



JM ACOUSTICAL FIBREGLASS INSULATION PRODUCTS



Sound-SHIELD Formaldehyde Free Fibreglass:

JM Sound-SHIELD batts are lightweight, sound-absorbent insulation made of long, resilient glass fibres bonded with thermosetting resin. Sound-SHIELD batts are not tested for thermal performance so they do not carry an R-value rating. Sound-SHIELD batts help provide a more comfortable interior environment by reducing transmission of conversations and the sounds of televisions, stereos and ventilations systems.



Formaldehyde Free™ – Unfaced Fibreglass: Johns Manville Formaldehyde-free™ Unfaced thermal and acoustical insulation offers R-Values of up to R-50, and is offered in precut batts to fit standard wall cavities or rolls for custom installation in any size cavity. Unfaced insulation reduces sound transmission through walls, ceilings and floors, and can be used in a variety of wood frame, engineered wood and steel frame construction applications, including new construction and retrofit.

Sound- SHIELD	Unfaced Fibreglass
1.5"	N/A
2.5"	R-8
3.5"	R-12
3.625"	R-12
4.0"	N/A
6.0"	R-20